

To: R8EISC[R8EISC@epa.gov]
From: kit cosby
Sent: Wed 8/12/2015 4:22:05 PM
Subject: Re: ...To clean the spill use high voltage DC current ...Form submission from: Emergency Response to Gold King Mine Release Contact Us About Emergency Response to the Gold King Mine Release form

Will you consider using fullerenes to clean this mess or am I going to just be ignored as a stupid citizen while you listen to endless hours of 'experts ' who have no idea how to solve this? Please don't send me form letters, I would rather no response then a thoughtless one. High voltage Climbing arc or "Jacob's Ladder" using graphite rods can quickly and cheaply generate enough fullerenes to clean up this mess leaving a non soluble form in water and will settle in a biologically inert form as sediment.

On Wednesday, August 12, 2015, R8EISC <R8EISC@epa.gov> wrote:

EPA is committed to working closely with response agencies and state and local officials to ensure the safety of citizens, respond to concerns and to evaluate impact to water contaminated by the Gold King Mine Release. EPA is sharing information as quickly as possible with the public as experts work to evaluate any effects the spill may have on drinking water, public health, agriculture, fish and wildlife.
Please see our website for the latest information: <http://www2.epa.gov/goldkingmine>
Regular updates will be posted as they are available.
EPA Hotline: 844-607-9700

From: drupal_admin@epa.gov <drupal_admin@epa.gov> on behalf of EPA
<drupal_admin@epa.gov>

Sent: Wednesday, August 12, 2015 1:46 AM

To: R8EISC

Subject: Form submission from: Emergency Response to Gold King Mine Release Contact Us About Emergency Response to the Gold King Mine Release form

Submitted on 08/11/2015 9:46PM

Submitted values are:

Name: Kit Cosby

Email Address: **Personal Email/Ex. 6**

Comments: To clean the spill use high voltage DC current through a Jacobs Later built with graphite rods, (in a cage to protect wildlife) this should lock the waste in to a non soluble form in water and will settle in a biologically inert form as sediment.